

nginaering

Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg. 42+8=50, will be treated as malpractice. Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.



b. A building having a non – uniform distribution of mass is shown in Fig. Q6(b). Locate its centre or mass. (08 Marks)



A four storey RC frame building as shown if Fig. Q7(a), below is situated at Roorkee. The total Dead load and live load is lumped at respective floor as shown. The soil below the foundation is hard rock. Determine the total base shear as per IS 1893 – 2002 and distribute the base shear along the height of the building.



8 For an RCC (SMRF conforming to ductile detailing) building frame for office (I = 1), the seismic weights on the floors are : W_1 (roof) = 3000 kN , $W_2 = W_3 = W_4 = 4200$ kN. The storey heights are ground storey = 4.2m , first storey = 3.2m , second storey = 3.2m and third storey = 3.2m. The building is founded on hard soil and situated in zone IV. The first three natural periods are : {Tn} = {0.86 0.265 0.145}sec and the first three mode shapes are :

 $\{\phi_1\} = \{1.00 \quad 0.904 \quad 0.716 \quad 0.441\} \\ \{\phi_2\} = \{1.00 \quad 0.216 \quad -0.701 \quad -0.921\} \\ \{\phi_3\} = \{1.00 \quad -0.831 \quad 0.574 \quad 1.016\}$

Determine the seismic forces by dynamic analysis procedure. (20 Marks)

- 9 a. Write short note on various load combinations to be considered for seismic resistant design of RCC structures. (08 Marks)
 - b. What are the ductile detailing provisions for beams for flexture and shear? Explain with neat sketches. (12 Marks)
- 10 a. Explain the lessons learnt from the failure of masonry structures during the past earthquakes. (10 Marks)
 - b. What are the special measures to make the masonry structures earthquake resistant?

(10 Marks)

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